United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPENDIX

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United States Court of Appeals For the Second Circuit

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Appellee,

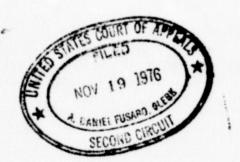
-against-

LUGENIA BARNES and CHARLES THOMAS,

Appellants.

On Appeal From The United States District Court For The Southern District Of New York

APPELLANTS' APPENDIX



GOLDBERGER, FELDMAN & BREITBART
Attorneys for Appellants
401 Broadway
Suite 306
New York, N.Y. 10013

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DOCKET ENTRIES (Barnes)

9-5-35	Filed indictment. B/W ordered. Werker, J. B/W issued.
9-8-75	Filed copy of B/w issued 9/5/75 and executed 9/8/75.
9-8-75	Indictment ordered unsealed. Werker, J. Def. (atty. present) Waives reading of the indictment and pleads not guilty. Deft. ordered photographed and fingerprinted. Deft. R.O.R. Case assigned to Judge Stewart for all purposes. Werker, J.
9-15-75	Filed defts. notice of appearance by: Nancy Rosner of 401 Bdwy, NYC 10013
2-27-76	Filed govts. notice of readiness for trial.
6-10-76	PTC held. Stewart, J.
6-15-76	Filed defts. memorandum of 17%. (also see 75 CR 888)
6-17-76	Filed govts. memorandum of law. (also see 75 CR 888)
6-28-76	Filed govts. proposed examination of prospective jurors.
6-28-76	Filed govts. request to charge.
6-28-76	Jury trial begun (consolidated w/75 CR 888). Stewart J.
6-29-76 6-30-76 7-1-76	Jury trial contd.
7-2-76	" and concluded. Deft. found GUILTY by jury verdict on each of cts. 1 & 2 and NOT GUILTY on ct. 3. Bail set at \$10,000 PRB secured by \$2 cash to be posted by July 9, 1976 at end of regular business day. PSI ordered. Sentence adj. to Aug. 5, 1976 at 9:30 am. Stewart, J.

7-9-76	Filed orderORDERED that the time of deft. to post bail pending appeal is ext. to July 13, 1976. Stewart, m/n
7-14-76	Fld appearance bond in the amount of \$10,000, \$2,000 cash with the clerk U.S. District Court SDNY Receipt No. 73110
8-23-76	Filed transcript of record of proceedings, dated 6-29, 30, July 1, 2, 1976.
9-15-76	Filed govts. sentencing memorandum.
9-15-76	Filed JUDGMENT (atty. Paul Goldberger, present) The deft. is hereby committed to the custody of the Atty. General or his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of FOUR (4) MONTHS on cts. 1, & 2 to run concurrently with each other. Stewart, J. (copies issued) Deft. notified to file notice of appeal. Deft. released pending appeal. Bail set in amt. of \$12,000 PRB secured by \$2,000 cash to be co-signed by parents. Stewart, J.
9-17-76	Filed PRB pending appeal in the amt. of \$12,000 secured by \$2,000 cash.
9-23-76	Filed deft.'s. notice of appeal to USCA from the final judgment dtd. 9/15/76. Copies mailed to U.S. Atty's. Office and to deft. at 340 E. 188 St., Bronx, NY
10-14-76	File? notice to obtain the original record on appeal has been certified and transmitted to the U.S.C.A.

DOCKET ENTRIES (Thomas)

9-5-75	Filed indictment and ordered sealed. B/W ordered. Werker, J.
9-5-75	B/W issued.
9-8-75	Filed B/W issued on 9/5/75 and executed 9/8/75.
9-8-75	Indictment ordered unsealed. Werker, J. Deft. (Atty. present) Plead; not guilty. Bail fixed at \$10,000. cash or surety. Deft. ordered photographed and fingerprinted. Deft. released in the custody of his attorney until 4:30 p.m. to post bail. 4:30 p.m. 9/8/75. Deft. remanded in lieu of bail. Case assigned to Judge Werker for all purposes. Werker, J.
9-15-75	Filed defts. notice of appearance by: Nancy Rosner of Rosner, Fisher and Scribner of 401 Broadway, NYC 10013.
9-17-75	PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE HELD BY Stewart, J.
12-23-75	Filed the following papers recd. from the office of Mag. Jacobs: dock t sheet; appearance bond in the amt. of \$10,000.
12-27-76	Filed govts. notice of readiness for trial.
5-20-76	Case reassigned to Judge Stewart. m/n
6-10-76	PTC held. Deft. produced on writ. Writ adj. sinedie. Stewart, J.
6-7-76	Filed govts. affdt. of w/h/cwrit issued, ret. on: June 9, 1976.
6-14-76	Filed orderORDERED that Paul Goldberger be substituted as atty. of record in place of Nancy Rosner. Stewart, J. m/n (for both defts.)
6-15-76	Filed defts. memorandum of law. (filed in 75 CR 887)

	그리 보이 하면 보고 있는데 그 가는데 전에 가는 그 가장 있는데는 내는 그가 먹는 것이 되었다. 그런 그리고 있는데 그리고 있는데 그리고 있는데 그리고 있다면 그리고 있다.
6-17-76	Filed govts. memorandum of law. (filed in 75 CR 887)
6-28-76	Jury trial begun. Deft. produced on writ. (consolidated w/75 CR 887). St
6-29-76 6-30-76 7-1-76	Jury trial contd.
7-2-76	" and concluded. Deft. found GUILTY by jury verdict. PSI ordered. Sentence adj. to Aug. 5, 1976 at 9:30 am. Stewart, J.
7-8-76	Filed orderORDERED that deft. is remanded to the custody of the US Marshall and bail posted is exonerated. Stewart, J. m/n (copy to marshal's office)
8-23-76	Filed transcript of record of proceedings, dated 6-29, 30, July 1, 2, 1976.
9-15-76	Filed govts. sentenceing memorandum.
9-15-76	Filed JUDGMENT (atty. Jerry Feldman, present) the deft. is hereby committed to the custody of the Atty. General or his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of FIFTEEN (15) MONTHS on cts. 1 and 2 to run concurrently and consecutively to his State manslaughter sentence and his violation of parole on that manslaughter sentence. Stewart, J. (copies issued)
9-23-76	Filed defts, notice of appeal to the USCA from the judgment of 9/15/76. Copies is mailed to US Atty's. Office and to deft. c/o MCC.
10-1/- 76	Filed notice that the original record on appeal has been certified and transmitted to the U.S.C.A.
10-4-76	Filed writ of H/C Ad Pros. with Marshall's return writ satisfied (9-15-76 STEWART, J.)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

- v -

UNDICTMENT

LUGENIA BARNES,

75 Cr.

Defendant.

Stew

COUNTS ONE THROUGH THREE

The Grand Jury charges:

- 1. On or about August 21, 1975, in the Southern District of New York, LUGENTA BARNES, the defendant, having duly taken an oath as a witness that she would testify truthfully before a Grand Jury of the United States of America, duly imp. led and sworn in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and inquiring for that District, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly and contrary to said oath did make false material declarations as hereafter set forth.
- 2. At the time and place efor said, the said Grand Jury was conducting an investigation of cossible violations of the laws of the United States regarding the murder on or about August 8, 1975 of Oswald A. Peterson, a/k/a "Georgia Pete" ("Peterson"), and of Oser Wilson, c/k/a "Chick" ("Wilson"),

whose bodies were found on August 10, 1975 in a U-Haul Van,
Maine l'cense plate number CON 81-706 in the vicinity of Clares ont
Avenue and 122d Street, New York, New York including among violations, violations of the following statutes: Sections 241
(civil rights conspiracy), 1503 and 1510 (obstruction of justice)
and 1623 (perjury), of Title 18, United States Code and Sections
801-966 of Title 21, United States Code, (sale and distribution
of naretic drugs and conspiracies so to do) to determine

a. whether said murders were committed in furtherance of a conspiracy, plot or plan to in are, oppress, threaten or intimidate Peterson and/or Wilson in the free exercise and enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to either of them by the Constitution or laws of the United States, to wit, the right of either of them to testify about and give information concerning violations of laws of the United States;

b. whether said murders were an endeavor by means of force to obstruct and prevent the communication of to information relating/violations of criminal statutes of the United States, particularly those relating to narcotics and dangerous drugs by Peterson or Wilson to a criminal investigator;

- c. whether said murders were committed on account of the giving by Peterson or Wilson of such information to any criminal investigator;
- d. whether said murders were committed in furth rand of a conspiracy to violate the narcotics laws of the United States.
- 3. It was material to said inquiry to determine whether the defendant LUGENIA BARNES had any knowledge of and participated in:
 - a. the rental by the said LUGENIA BARNES and Charles Thomas on August 8th, 1975 of and use of a U-Haul Van, Maine license plate number COM81-706, which was discovered on August 10, 1975 in the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York containing the dead bodies of Peterson and Wilson;
 - b. how and when said van was driven to the vicinity of Clarement Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York;
 - c. how the person or persons who drove said van to the vicinity of Charement Avenue and 122nd Street,
 New York, New York obtained possession, enotedy and control of said yan;

- d. the identity of said person or persons; and
- e. the role, if any, played by the said

 LUGENIA PARNES and Charles Thomas in disposing of
 the bodies of Peterson and Wilson.
- 4. At the time and place aforesaid LUGENTA BARNES, the defendant, appearing as a witness unler oath before the said Grand Jury testify falsely with respect to the aforesaid material matters and did make the following false material declaration.

COUNT ONE

Q Okay. Now, directing your attention to the early part of August of this year, did there come a time when you rented a U-Haul truck? A Yes.

* * *

Q And what was the purpose of your renting that truck? A To move some clothing.

* * *

- Q Did you drive the van or did he? A He drove from the gas station, and then I drove afterwards.
- Q And where is the gas station? A It's on Webster Avenue and Gunhill Road.
- Q And that's in the Fronx? a Yes, I'm sorry Bronx.
- Q And that's where you rented the van. After that where did you go, you and you boy friend? A We went down to his old apartment.

Q And his old apartment is which apartment?

A]] West]18th.

* * *

- Q You parked the van, I take it? A Yes we parked the van and packed in clothing.
- Now, prior to that, did you also drive around in the van to get used to -- A I drove it. Well, I was going to do the driving, so I was going to drive around to get used to the van, because I vasn't, you know, sure I'd to able to handle it.
- O Where did you drive round, in the area of the Bronx? A In the area of the Bronx, around Webster Avenue area.
 - Q About how long did you do this? A --
- Q Roughly. A Forty-five minutes, maybe an lour maybe less.

* * *

Q Okay. Then it was after that that you drove to 1 West 118th Street? A. Yes.

* # *

- Q After you went to 113th Street, where did you go after that? A Um, well, we stopped to eat --
 - Q Did you first -- A -- at McDonald's.
- Q Did you go to Charley's nother's house?

 A Oh, I'm sorry. We stepped at his nother's house,
 a block away.
- Q And that's located -- A That's on 118th Street. It's 103. Then from there we went and ate.
 - Q Where did you go to cat? A 125th McDonald.
- Q Now, after you went to McJonala's, where did you go? A Then we went back to the Bronx, to my -- my apartment, which is 340 East 104th.

* * *

- Q And then there came a time you went to your doctor's office, is that correct? A Yes.
- Q And what is his name? A Uh, Kubel, Dr. Kub. [spells].
- Q And do you know where his office is? A Yes, he's on 182nd and Grand Concourse.
 - Q And did you drive there with Mr. Thomas?

 A Yes.
- Q And do you know how long you stayed there, approximately? A Well, I was late for my appointment. I got there, approximately, I would state it had

to be after three, four; because I was late, the doctor left. I guess I was there ten or fifteen minutes.

Q And after you left the doctor's office, where did you go after that, to you know?

A Went back to my apartment, 340 East 184th.

Q And how long were you there, do you recall?

A I'm sorry. After the doctor we went back downtown - I'm sorry.

Q You didn't go back to your apartment, you went back to 11 West 118th Street? A Yes.

Q Every time you went to these places, what did you do with the van, parked it outside?

A Yeah.

Q Were there places there, or did you have to drive around, looking? A Some places we parked, you know, right near wherever I was going, and I had to park wherever there was a space - you know, around the corner.

Q I understand. A . We parked the van, yes.

Q When you got to 118th Street, -- A We moved the clothing.

- Q -- You loaded up the tinck? A Yes.
- Q You went from there to jour house, is that correct? A Yes.
- Q Do you remember the route you took to get there? A I didn't take the highway because I wasn't sure whether or not I could use, you know the van is like a commercial vehicle; so I went Amsterdam Avenue, Cross Bronx Express, Web ter Avenue, and up Webster Avenue to 184th.
 - Q To where? A 184th, my home.
 - * * *
- Q You went up Webster Avenue and then north on Webster to Trement? Would that be correct?
- A North on Webster to 184th. Tremont

 18 in between my 184th and the Cross Broax Express.
- Q And when you got there, what hap ened? Did you park the truck or just leave it on the street?
 - A At my home?
 - Q Yes. A Yes, I parked it.
- Q Did you have to look around for a space?

 A We were moving clothing, so we moved them, you know.
- Q You left it right in front? A Right in front of the building.
- Q And after you unleaded the truck, what did you do? A Well, it was kind of late then and

we'd been out all day. We went back upstairs, because at that time there was no parking space, we couldn't find one. I left it right in front of my

door - not directly in front of my door; I live on top of a steep -- I left it at libaut [s, olls] and 184th.

Q Did you have to drive around to find a parking space? A Yeah, so I eventually left it there. Now, this was okay. I came back, we unloaded the things.

* * *

Q How long would you say you drove around, looking for that space? A About fifteen or twenty minutes.

Q You went around the block several times, would you say? A Yeah.

Q And then you went up to your apartment, is that correct? A Yes.

Q And then was there a time when you went back down to the truck? A les, later on that evening I reparked it for the night.

Q And that would be -- do you remember the approximate time? A Exactly, no.

- Q Let's say approximately 12:30? A It was late, yes. It was late I'd say around 12:00, 12:30.
- Do you remember where you parked that time?

 A I -- yes, between 183rd and 184th on

 Valentine Avenue.

COUNT TWO

- Q Then you went to your apartment?

 A That's wight.
- Q Did you leave your spartment after that?

 A No. Not until the next morning.
- Q About What time did you leave?

A It was around seven-ten or something like that. I had to return the van before eight or I'd be charged for the next day.

- Q What happened when you looked for the van?

 A It wasn't there.
- Q But you're absolutely certain that it was there approximately twelve-thirty the previous night?

A When I parked the thing?

- Q Yes. A Yeah.
- Q What did you do then, when you noticed the van was missing? A Well, we walked around the vicinity for a while, because it's common for cars to get stolen in that area, but we didn't find it; so I, you know, came back home and I called the police station.

COUNT THREE

- Q And when you parked it, new, on 183rd and 184th Street did you take the keys to the truck?
 - A Yes, when we got out, I took the heys.
 - Q And what aid you do with them, do you recall?

A Well, I attempted to put it in my
bag - I assumed I put them in my bag. I had a flap
bag, I lifted the flap up and throw in my bag. I had
a flap bag, I lifted the flap up and throw it in.

It wasn't until the following day, I think it was, when I spoke with Detective Disken, I think it is, that I noticed I didn't have the keys, so I apparently lost them at the time. I'm just assuming.

* *

Q Let's go back. Friday events ou thought you put the keys in your purse? A I'm assuming it was my purse, because that's what I thought I did.

Q But you recall you removed them from the truck? A Definitely - oh, definitely. There's no doubt about that.

* 4

Q Did you at this time .cok for the keys?

A No. Um, not once. I think I was a little upset about the car. I don't know, you know, I didn't look for the keys until the next day, when I went to Disken, I spoke with Disken; and he asked if I had the keys and I said, "eah," and I looked in -- you know, I held him on the phone, I was talking to him on the phone, I went to my log to get them, and they were gone; and at that point I told -- I assume! I'd lost them.

(Title 18, United States Cole, Section 1623)

FORLMAN

PAUL J. CURRAN ... United States Attorney

A14

LUGENIA BARNES, called as a witness, having been duly sworn by the Foreman of the Grand Jury, testified as follows:

BY MR. FORTUIN:

- Would you state your name for the record, please.
 A Lugenia Barnes [spells].
 - La it Miss or Mrs.? A Miss.
- United States Attorney. This is a United States Grand Jury.

 Let me first tell you what the Grand Jury is investigating and explain your rights to you. The Grand Jury is investigating ing various violations of the federal law, and all of these really grow out of the death of a couple of weeks ago of a Mr. Peterson and a Mr. Wilson, an event I think you're familiar with. A Right.
- Q The statutes we're concerned with involve violation of the civil rights laws, a conspiracy to deprive somebody of his civil rights, Section 241, Title 18, United States Code; and we're investigating obstruction of criminal investigations, which would be Section 1510 of Title 18, United States Code; we're investigating influencing a witness, which would be Section 1503 of Title 18, United States Code; and we're investigating violation of the narcotics laws. These statutes may not be particularly meaningful, and I think I've teld you the event we're going to focus on. Now, in connection with that, I advice you that you have a constitutional right to refuse to

EJC-2

A15

Lugonia Barnes

8-21-75

A15

answer any question that I may ask you on the grow that a truthful answer to that question might tend to incriminate you.

Do you understand that? A I believe so.

- a stenographer and it can be later on used against you in a court of law. Do you understand that? A I do.
- a right to consult with him prior to answering any questions here. Do you understand that? A I do.
- And if you do not have funds to retain an attorney, an attorney will be appointed to represent you by the Court, and you're allowed to have that attorney outside the Grand Jury room where you could consult with him. Do you understand that? A Yes, I do.
- You could consult with him in that manner. Do you understand?

 A Right. Excuse me I was only notified this afternoon at twelve o'clock that I was to appear here, so I didn't have an opportunity to speak to my attorney or anything, and I really don't know whether or not I should answer any questions. I called him, until the time that I came in, to be advised, but he was not there.
 - Q And who was your attorney? A Melvin Katske.
 - Whow do you spell that? A M-E-L-V-I-N K-A-T-S-K-E.
- Q Would you like an opportunity -- would you like to have an adjournment, during which time you can talk to your

Ale

lawyer? A No, but I think that at -- if I feel, during the questioning, that --

A -- I need an attorney, I would like to have one. Do I have that right?

Q If at any time you'd like to consult with him or call him on the phone or seek an adjournment, you can do that. You can interrupt us and you can do that. Do you understand that? A Yes, yes.

Will you tell us where you live. A 340 East 184th Street, Bronx, New York, 10458.

Q And how are you employed? A I work for the General Services Administration, Government - the Office of Civil Rights.

Q Okay. Now, directing your attention to the early part of August of this year, did there come a time when you rented a U-Haul truck? A Yes.

MR. FORTUIN: Madam Reporter, would you mark this as Grand Jury Exhibit No. 1 and hand it to the witness.
[So marked]

Q Now, does Grand Jury Exhibit No. 1 contain your signature? A Yes.

And that's a copy of the rental agreement for the truck, is that correct? A Yes.

A Can I refresh my memory?

& Yes, you can. A [Looking at exhibit] August 8th.

Q Of this year? A Yes.

- Q And how long did you rent it for? A I rented it for overnight, twenty-four hours.
- A To move some clothing.
- A From 11 West 118th Street to my address, 340 East 184th.
- ment of my boyfriend's.
 - Q What's your boy friend's name? A Charles Thomas.
- a year and a half.
- you know? A Excuse me it's the third floor. I don't know the apartment.
- Does he have any other address or is that where he lives? A That's his former address. His present address is 340 West 184th Street. Is that clear?
- Q Now, you rented the car on a Friday evening, as you recall, is that correct? A No, it was in the afternoon.
- what time? A Well, it should state it on here [looking at exhibit]. One o'clock.
- Q Incidentally, I didn't tell you in the beginning, and I should have you were sworn as a witness at the beginning and you're testifying under oath. You unterstand that.

A Yes.

- Q Were you to make false testimony, purposely and knowingly, that would be a federal crime; you understand that?

 A Yes, that's why I referred to this [indicating exhibit],
 so I would --
 - You understand that? A Yes.
- When you picked up the van, were you with Mr. Thomas or -- A Yes.
 - Q -- were you alone? A No, I was with Mr. Thomas.
- Did you drive the van or did he? A He drove from the gas station, and then I drove afterwards.
- And where is the gas station? A It's on Webster Avenue and Gunhill Road.
 - And that's in the Bronx? A Yes, I'm sorry, Bronx.
- Q And that's where you rented the van. After that where did you go, you and your boy friend? A We went down to him old apertment.
- And his old apartment is which apartment? A 11 We:
- And what happened when you got there? A We packed some clothes.
- You parked the van, I take it? A Yes, we parked the van and packed in clothing.
- Now, prior to that, did you also drive around in the van to get used to -- A I drove it. Well, I was going t do the driving, so I was going to drive around to get used to the van, because I wasn't, you know, sure I'd be able to hand it.

8-21-75

- A In the area of the Bronx, around Webster Avenue area.
 - & About how long did you do this? A --
- @ Roughly. A Forty-five minutes, maybe an hour, maybe less.
- And do you have any idea how far you went, how many blocks? A No.
- Q Okay. Then it was after that that you drove to ll West 118th Street? A Yes.
- Were you driving? A At that point I was driving,
- A No.
- A Well, to determine whether or not the van was large enough, first of all, for the things we were moving; but I had a doctor's appointment that same day, and we were pressed for time, so we moved our things excuse me, his things at that time.
- Q After you went to 118th Street, where did you go after that? A Um, well, we stopped to eat-
 - Q Did you first -- A -- at McDonald's.
- Q Did you go to Charley's mother's house? A Oh, I's sorry. We stopped at his mother's house, a block away.
- And that's located -- A That's on 118th Street.

 It's 103. Then from there we went and ate.
 - Where did you go to eat? A 125th McDonald.

- Q Now, after you went to McDonald's, where did you go?

 A Then we went back to the Bronx, to my -- my apartment, which
 is 340 East 184th.
- Q Now, all this time/were driving the truck, is that right? A Yes. Yes.
- And then there came a time you went to your loctor's office, is that correct? A Yes.
- [spells]. And what is his name? A Un, Kubel Dr. Kubel
- he's on 182nd and Grand Concourse.
 - And aid you drive there with Mr. Thomas? A Yes.
- A Well, I was late for my appointment. I got there, approximate mately, I would state it had to be after three, four; because I was late, the doctor left. I guess I was there ten or fifteen minutes.
- go after that, do you know? A Went back to my apartment, 340 Fast 184th.
- sorry. After the doctor we went back downtown I'm sorry.
- Q You didn't go back to your apartment, you went back to 11 West 118th Street? A Yes.
- Q Every time you went to these places, what did you do with the van, parked it outside? A Yeah.

A20.1

- around, looking? A Some places we parked, you know, right near wherever I was going, and I had to park wherever there was a space you know, around the corner.
 - Q I understand. A We parked the van, yes.
- the clothing.
 - Q -- you loaded up the truck? A Yes.
 - Q You went from there to your house, is that correct?

 A Yes.
 - A I didn't take the highway because I wasn't sure whether or not I could use, you know the van is like a commercial vehicle; so I went Amsterdam Avenue, Cross Bronx Express, Webster Avenue, and up Webster Avenue to 184th.
 - To where? A 184th, my rome.
 - Q I don't know the Bronx too well forgive me.

A I know.

- You went up Webster Avenue and then north on Webster to Tremont? Would that be correct? A North on Webster to 184th. Tremont is in between my 184th and the Cross Bronx Express.
- And when you got there, what happened? Did you park the truck or just leave it on the street? A At my home?
 - 4 Yes. * Yes, I parked it.
 - a Did you have to look around for a space? A We

were moving clothing, so we moved them, you know.

- Q You left it right in front? A Right in front of the building.
- A well, it was kind of late then and we'd been out all day.

 We went back upstairs, because at that time there was no parking space, we couldn't find one. I left it right in front of my door not directly in front of my door; I live on top of a steep -- I left it at Tibaut [spells] and 184th.
- A Yeah, so I eventually left it there. Now, this was okay.

 I came back, we unloaded the things.
- Q I understand. A Couldn't find a space, so I left
 it at an illegal space, temporarily, --
 - We're not investigating parking violations.
- A -- with the purpose of coming back down later on when there was, you know, to look for a permanent space, you know, over night.
- that space? A About fifteen or twenty minutes.
- You went around the block several times, would you say? A Yeah.
- And then you went up to your apartment, is that correct?

 A Yes.
- the truck? A Yes, later on that evening I reparked it for the night.

- Q And that would be -- do you remember the approximate time? A Exactly, no.
- Q Let's say approximately 12:30? A It was late, yes. It was late I'd say around 12:00, 12:30.
 - Q Do you remember where you parked that time?
- A I -- yes, between 183rd and 184th on Valentine Avenue.
- A Not long.
- A Well, I drove it, but I didn't wark it because I couldn't park it.
 - Mr. Thomas parked? & So my boy friend parked i:
- Q And when you parked it, now, on 183rd and 184th Stradid you take the keys to the truck? A Yes, when we got out, I took the keys.
- A Well, I attempted to put it in my bag I assumed I put them in my bag. I had a flap bag, I lifted the flap up and threw it in. It wasn't until the following day, I think it was, when I spoke with Detective Disken, I think it is, the I noticed I didn't have the keys, so I apparently lost them at the time. I'm just assuming.
- When did you speak to the detective? A Um, oh, it was following day. I think he called me on Sunday, I'm not sul Uh, --

- 4 Okay, let's get the -- A I reported it that Saturday -- the next day, that was a Sunday.
- Let's go back. Friday evening you thought you put the keys in your purse? A I'm assuming it was my purse, because that's what I thought I did.
- A Definitely oh, definitely. There's no doubt about that.
 - Q Then you went to your apartment? A That's right.
- Not until the next morning.
- A About what time did you leave? A It was around seven-ten or something like that. I had to return the van before eight or I'd be charged for the next day.
- What happened when you looked for the van?

 A It wasn't there.
- Q But you're absolutely certain that it was there approximately twelve-thirty the previous night? A When I parked the thing?
 - & Yes. A Yesh.
- What did you do then, when you noticed the van was missing?

 A Well, we walked around the vicinity for a while, because it's common for cars to get stolen in that area, but we didn't find it; so I, you know, can back home and I called the police station. Excuse me I called the car rental, because I didn't have any information on it. My receipt was in the van, so I had to call the car rental and

get whatever information I could, you know, in terms of the license plate and all that. Then I reported it to the nearest police station - Think it's the 46th Precinct.

- Grand Jury Exhibit 1 you'd left inside the van? A Yeah, it was in the van.
- know, I think it was on the dashboard or -- well, I don't know, if I recall, the dashboard in the van, I remember, had a --
- Q In front, underneath the windshield in the cabin?

 A In front, near the steer wheel.
- Q The first thing, after you looked in the neighborhood, you called the gas station where you'd rented the U-Haul A Right.
- Q What did they say? A Well, I told them that, you know, the van had to be stolen and I needed the information on the license plate and all that so I could report it.
- that's -- at that time, that was the week-end, and I was told they didn't have the information either; all they could give me was the truck number, and I think that was it. Oh, and the year and the type of van.
- the police? A Yes, definitely. I called 46th Precinct, and again I didn't have, from what I was told, I didn't have

enough information at that time, and --

Q That's what the police officer told you when you spot to him, is that correct? A Yes. At any rate, he took the information I had on the truck and he said, you know, he'd be able to get the rest of it, and I gave him the information about the car rental place as well, where I rented it from, the location.

ever the information? A Right.

Um, not once. I think I was a little upset about the car. don't know, you know, I didn't look for the keys until the next day, when I went to Disken, I spoke with Disken; and he asked if I had the keys and I said, "Yeah, and I looked in you know, I held him on the phone, I was talking to him on t phone, I went to my bag to get them, and they were gone; and at that point I told -- I assumed I'd lost them.

This is Sergeant Donald Disken, is that correct?

Is that the person you're referring to?

A I'm not sure his first name.

Q But 1t's D-I-S-K-E-N? A Right.

Q Just going back to the first report you made, the police officer then said he'd handle the rest of it, is the right? A Yeah, he said he could get the rest of the in mation.

Q What did the service station tell you to do? Did

they tell you there wasno problem, the insurance company would cover it?

A Um, I'm not sure if I understand your question.

- say you should do about the stolen truck? A Well, I explains to him, you know, what had happened, and I was told that they could not get the information, any additional information, until Monday, and, you know, I was to call back then; but, let's see, I think it was either, excuse me, Saturday or Sunday, the following day, I was notified by Detective Disken that they found the van.
 - Where did Detective Disken contact you? A At my
 - phoned. What he -- oh, excuse me, I forgot. Two patrolmen came to my home and told me that I was to call a Detective Disken at thus and so number I don't have the number and I then, you know, called him then. Right.
 - And did there come a time when you were interviewed by him? A Yes.
 - & And where was that? A 126th Street, I think it's between Amsterdam and Old Broadway.
 - Q That's the precinct building? A Yes, I think it was the 26th.
 - And at that time you gave him a statement and told him, in substance, what you've told us, is that correct?

•

- Anl you took a shorthand version of the statement?__ A Right.
 - Q -- that you'd given him? A Right. Well, not --
 - Q Why did you do that? A Well, because they refused to give me a copy of it.
 - & And why did you want a copy? A I thought it would be wise, because the interview didn't seem very much like an interview, you know. I was there for a pretty long time, and at the end of it I wanted a statement, I want a copy of the statement that he'd taken there.
 - Q What did you subsequently do with that statement? A I don't even have it.
 - & You don't have it with you now? A No.
 - Q Did you review it prior to coming here today?
 - Did you give it to anyone else? A No. A On, no.
 - Q You didn't give it to Mr. Thomas? A No.
 - Q Do you know where it is now? A Probably in the garbage somewhere.
 - Q So you threw it away? A Yes. I know I don't
 - Q I don't understand why this statement, which you it now. have thought was important to take down, why you threw t. away. A Actually, I just wanted a copy of the state. and he refused to give it to me.
 - Q Why did you want a copy of that statement?

A It's like signing your name on something; you want to get copies of it. That's the reason for getting.

Q You subsequently threw that away? A I didn't take the whole thing down. Like you stated - it was half shorthand and half in English. I couldn't even read it when I got back home.

A No. I attempted to read it again, myself, but I had a little difficulty reading. I don't take shorthand, really, how --

talk to Mr. Thomas? A Later on that evening.

Q And -- A Because, excuse me, he wanted to speak with Charley to confirm my statement.

Q The police sergeant, Mr. Disken, wanted to speak to Charley? A Right.

that he spoke to Mr. Disken? A Yes. Well, I don't know whether or not he spoke with Mr. Disken. I really don't know who he spoke with . In any case, we came back that same eving, but the sergeant had left and the person who we did stoo suggested that he come back on the following day, which did, and I didn't go with him.

Q But when you saw Mr. Thomas after you'd spoken to Disken, did you recite to him what you'd told Mr. Disken?

A No - well, I told him that I had had to make a stateme.

as to what we'd did with the van.

- Q Did you and he review together what you'd done with the van? A No, that wasn't necessary.
 - You didn't go over it with him? A No.
- Incidentally, did you call him and tell him you were coming here today? A Well, I tried to get in touch with him, because I spoke to Mr. Bier [phonetic] --
- A -- who said that they'd wanted him to appear too, and when they were trying to get in touch with him, so I told them I'd try to call him, but I couldn't reach him.
 - Q Thank you for coming down today.

MR. FORTUIN: And would you ask the witness to please wait outside.

FOREMAN: "ould you please wait outside.

[WITNESS EXCUSED]

[Witness Lugenia Barnes, 8-21-75, by Mr. Fortuin]

- [1] Page 1, Line 13 Delete "of" to read:
 "grow out of the death a couple of weeks ago "
- [2] Page 11, Line 4 Insert "in" in answer, to read: "I'm assuming it was in my purse"

: :3-.0

- [3] Page 11, Line 23 Typo. Add "e" to make "came" rather than "cam."
- [4] Page 15, top Insert question and answer omitted during transcribing [tsk!] as follows: " and after you were done with that statement, you asked him if you could copy it down, is that correct? A Right."
- [5] Page 15, bottom line Delete final word:
 "A It's" inasmuch as same was repeated at top of following
 page.
- [6] Page 17, Line 7 Insert words, "I think it was to read: "I spoke to I think it was Mr. Bier"

A31

GRAND JURY TESTIMONY OF CHARLES THOMAS

CHARLES THOMAS, called as a witness,

having been duly sworn by the Foreman of the GrandJury,

testified as follows:

BY MR. FORTUIN:

- please. A Charles Thomas [spells]
- East 184th Street.
- Now, Mr. Thomas, my name is Thomas M. Fortuin, I'm an Assistant United States Attorney. This is a United States Grand Jury. Let me first tell you what this Grand Jury is investigating and explain your rights to you so you understand what this proceeding is about. The Grand Jury is investigating violations of federal law. Among those violations is the federal conspiracy statute, the obstruction of justice statute and several other statutes that I'll list for you just so you know what they're investigating. They're also investigating violations of Section 241 of the United States Code, which has to do with conspiracies to deprive citizens of their civil rights. They're investigating violations of Section 1510 of Title 18 of the United States Code, which relates to the obstruction of criminal investigations. They're investigating violations of Section 1503 of Title 18 of the United States Code, which relates to influencing of witnesses, and hey're investigating violations of Title 21 of the United St tes Code, which have to do with violations of the narcotics law . In

connection with that, I advise you that you are one of the targets of this investigation. As a result of that, you have certain constitutional rights that I want to make sure you understand. You have a right to refuse to answer any question that I ask you on the grounds that a truthful answer to that question might tend to incriminate you. Do you understand that?

(A Yes. Yes.

- Q If you do answer a question, it's being taken down by a court reporter and it can be later used against you in a court of law. Do you understand that? A Yes sir.
- Q You have a right to an attorney, and I want to ask you if you have counsel. A Yes.
- Rosner and associates; however, it's
- Q And Mrs. Rosner has sent one of her associates here today? A Right.
 - Q And he's outside the Jury? A Yes sir.
- Q And you've consulted with him, is that correct?

 A Yes sir.
- confer with him further, we'll call a recess and you can go outside the Grand Jury room and consult further with him. Do your under tand that? A Yes sir.
- beginning approximately August 8, 1975, and at that time you rented a U-Haul van in the Bronx, is hat correct? A Year

those events by members of the New York City Police Departmen;, is that correct?

A I don't know whether I should answer that question, because the advice I had from my lawyer.

As I understand it, your lawyer -- do you want a short recess so you can go speak with him?

1 To be sure, because I'm not --

Q Certainly, to be sure. We'll declare a short recess

FOREMAN: You can go outside and consult with your attorney and come back.

[Witness leaves room, then returns]

WITNESS: Excuse me.

Q Now, you've had an opportunity to consult with your attorney, is that correct? A That's right.

We proceed, which I think you understand. You took an oath at the beginning of these proceedings to tell the truth. Should you not tell the truth, that would be a violation of the federal perjury statute and you could be prosecuted for the federal crime of perjury.

A Yes sir.

Q Do you understand? A Yes.

I ask you if you were interviewed about the rental of this truck by members of the Police Department. A Yes, I have been.

A34 ·

- the truck up in the Bronx, correct? A Yes.
- Q And what is your girl friend's name? A Lugenia
 Barnes [spells].
- rented the truck, you went from the truck rental place in the Bronx to your house downtown, is that correct? A Right.
- (Q) And that's 11 West 118th Street in Manhattan, correct

 A Uh, yes, you talking about straight to my house?
 - Q /I'm sorry? A Are you saying straight to my house?
- mother's house?

 A No, no, I'm saying from the truck rental place, are you saying that I went straight from the truck rental place to my house?
- Tell us what happened. A It wasn't like that.

 She had to -- this was not automatic gear or, rather, turning wheel. It's not power steering. So she tried it out in the Bronx first, before she came down; I drove around the station so she tried.
 - Q So you drove around in the Bronx? A Right.
 - Q And then you proceeded -- A Right.
 - & -- on to 11 West 118th Street? A 'mat's right.
- wasn't home? A Right.
 - a Then you went back uptown to the Bronx? A Right.
 - Q And went to -- A Doctor.

Q -- Miss Barnes' doctor, is that correct? A Right.

Q Do you recall where that's located? A Uh, on the

Concourse. Big white -- I can't remember the street number.

Q'On the Grand Concourse in the Bronx? A That's

ment? A Pardon me?

You then went back downtown? A Right.

Where did you go? A To my apa tment.

It was there that you loaded the truck, is that right?

A Raght

After you loaded the truck, you went back uptown, is that right? A Yes.

new apartment - my new apartment.

Where is that located? A 340 East 184th Street.

There you unloaded the truck, is that correct?

A Yes.

You parked the truck and went to sleep, is that correct? (A) Yes.

And you parked it on Valentine Avenue between 183rd and 184th Street" A Yes. in between. 184th, 183rd.

FOREMAN: Could you raise your voice and speak a little louder.

WITNESS: 184th and 183rd and Valentine.

All these events occurred on Friday, August 8, is that

- /(Q And then at about one o'clock, what would be the 'following morning, you went to move the truck, is that correct?
 - It was then you noted that the truck was gone, is that correct? A Yes.
 - Q That was the first time you noticed it was missing? A Yes.
 - Q Do you know, approximately what time did you park it outside, did you leave the truck? A Uh, about seven. eight around six or seven, something like that. Between six and eight.
 - o Friday evening? A Right.
 - And you then reported it to the 46th Precinct, is that correct? A What?
 - Q You reported the theft to the precinct? A Oh, yes. When we realized it was messing, we reported it.
 - Okay, now, all the statements that you made to the police officers were true is that correct? A Yes sir.
 - And you don't want to make -- or let me ask you, do you want to make any additions or corrections at this time?

 A None I can think of. There are none I can think of.
 - Q Now, I just want to put on the record that your lawyer and I have an understanding that you would answer these questions with respect to the matters that the police asked "ou about, is that correct? A Yes.
 - Q And your lawyer has advised you to invoke the Fifth

Amendment as to any other questions, is that correct?

A Yes sir.

Q So that were I to ask you any additional questions,
you would claim your Fifth Amendment privilege, is that correct? A I would take the alvice of my lawyer. I would.
MR. FORTUIN: Would you excuse the witness, then,

and ask him to wait outside.

FOREMAN: Please wait outside.

[WITNESS EXCUSED]

Statement given to New York City Police Department by Lugenia Barnes

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DETAILS AS REPORTED BY FOLLOW - UP INVESTIGATING OFFICER
ECHTCIDE: OSCAR WILSOIT AND OSMAID PLTERSON
SUBJECT: TELEPHONE INTERVIEW OF LUGENTA BARNES

- At 1645 hours, of Sunday, August 10,1975, the undersigned did contact one INGINIA BARNES of 340 East 184th Street, Bront, N.Y. via 298-9040 melative to her contract # 3 3801831 U-HAUL truck rental of a 1989 Ford Van bear. Registration COM 81-703 Medico 1975, made at the GUN HILL SERVICE SPATICH Registration COM 81-703 Medico 1975, made at the GUN HILL SERVICE SPATICH located at 3849 Webster Avenue, Bront, N.Y. Tel.# TU 1-3035 at 1:00P.H. c. August 8,1975 for 24 hour period ending 8:00A.M. of August 9,1975.
- 2. The aforementioned subject states she rented the above vehicle to move belongings to her residence on August 8,1975 and parked the vehicle aftered between 1:Alt-1:30A.H. of August 9,1975 on Valentine Avenue between T. 183rd and E. 184th Streets as there was no parking available near her
- 7: A.M. of August 9,1975 she returned to take the vehicle back to the GUN HILL SERVICE STATION before the time allowance expired and found the vehicle had been removed from where she had parked it, she called 911 and was given the tolephone of 220-5241 of the 46th Precinct which she called between 8:30A.M. and 9:A.M. of August 9,1975 and gave information to a provide a second contacted on 8-40-75 by the undersigned reports he was unable to officer contacted on 8-40-75 by the undersigned reports he was unable to obtain that information from the GUN HXLL SERVICE STATION consequence.

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no stolen vehicle report has been filed at this time, the underso med he verified with P.O. Megnolds that the subject called the 45th Preciset traport the vehicle missing between 8:30 and 9.00A.M. of August 9,1973 arequests the subject provide him with the nacessary information in ore that a report can be taken on the vehicle.

- 4. A check of the repords of NOIC P.O. Abiles reveals No Record on CON 81.
- 5. easo ACTIVE, Investigation continuing.

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- 3. To unleaded the vehicle, beought the telengings into my apertucing a discipled limited limited. The following to fell and some neverth until doubt 12:30/H then to the first which appropriate my house and looked for a perking place and then found one on falcations drown between 105md and 187th Berest at 1:034, and alter perking the vehicle we looked it up and Chables gave no the and a put than into my purest and no malled hold together.
- to return it to the Gull HELL SHIVECH SUMMEROUS before my time limit on but found the vehicle had been removed from whose we had parked to
- 5. I colled 344 and was given a telephone # 220-5311(45th Precinct) and I to F.O. Reynolds to report about the chicle but I did not have the retraction number or the VIII # of the vehicle so the police officer soid is usuald govert from the GUH HELL SERVICE SERVICE and make the report.
- C. I am employed as an Equal Concruentty Specialist for the past 3 years the CHIMAL SHRVICES ADMINISTRACION located at 26 lederal Plana Bak. I investigations of companies that have Government contracts. I have the CHARLES THOMAS since 1970, he has been living with me at 340 East 18 Van Apt. 6L for the cast month.
- 7. A check of the Centract # 3 5801531 for the aforementioned vehicle real by LUGENIA PARKES indicates at the time she took possession of the vehicle checker was 65059, when the vehicle was recovered by the police at 122cd Street and Clarement Avenue on August 10,1975 the educater was 6 a total of 14 miles. Indicate here found in Viliale, and evidence of jump of the ignition system found under dashboard, here the educate were 3. Case ACTIVE, Investigation continuing.

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Statement given to New York City Police Department by Chi es Thomas

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DETAILS AS REPORTED BY FOLLOW . UP INVESTIGATING OFFICER

ROMICIDE OF OSCAR WILSON AND OSWALD PETERSON SUBJECT: STATEMENT BY THOMAS, CHARLES

1. On this date the undersigned together with detective may Mies sen interviewed Mr. CHALES THOMAS of 340 E 184 street, Bronk at the office of the fifth homicide zone about 1500 hours and he made the following statement.

2. We went from the Bronx to my house downtown, 11 W 118 street Mannand had a stop at my Mothers house, she was nt home, went back upto (Bronx) and went to the doctor. Went back downtown, loaded the true back uptown unloaded truck and went to sleep, parked on Valentine 184-1831d street, went to move it about 0100 hours and truck vas the reported it to the 46th Pct. End of statement.

-Case Active-

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CHARGE OF THE COURT

THE COURT: Mrs. Cohen, ladies and gentlemen. We are now at the stage of the trial where you are about to perform, to undertake your final function as jurors. This is one of the most sacred obligations of citizenship: Acting as ministers of justice. You are to discharge this final duty in an attitude of complete fairness and impartiality; and as I emphasized to you before, without bias or prejudice for or against the Government or the defendants.

As I told you before, the fact that the prosecution is brought in the name of the Government of the United States of America, entitles it to no greater consideration than that accorded to any other party. But also, it is entitled to no lesser consideration. All parties, the Government and the individual defendants, standaras equals here in this courtroom.

Your role, as you know, is to decide the facts. My function at this point is to instruct you as to the law, and it is your duty to accept these instructions and to apply them to the facts as you determine them. With respect to any fact matters, it is your recollection and yours alone that governs. As I told you many times, anything that counsel have said in addition to anything that I have said, is not evidence. The evidence is what you heard from the

witnesses and what is in the documents

I would like to remind you hat we have here
two separate indictments. The is to one defendant, Miss
Barnes, and one is to the other defendant, Mr. Thomas. You
must consider each separately. Guilt, if any, is personal. The guilt or innocence of Miss Barnes or Mr. Thomas
must be determined solely as to each, solely upon the
evidence presented against each of them, or the lack of
evidence. The charges against each stand or fall upon
the proof or lack of proof against that defendant, and
not against the other defendant, or indeed, anylody else.

I would like to remind you of some general principles that I have already told you about. The indictment is only an accusation. It is only a charge. It doesn't prove anything. Each defendant has pleaded not guilty, and thus the Government has the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt as to each defendant whether or not they are guilty. They can be found guilty only if you find beyond a reasonable doubt that they are guilty.

The defendants do not have to prove their innocence. As I have told you, they are presumed to be innocent of the charges made in the indictment. This presumption, as I have told you, was in their favor at the outset of the trial. It is still in their

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favor. It continues in their favor right now. It continues in their favor when you retire to deliberate. The presumption is overcome only if you conclude the Government has established beyond a reasonable doubt the guilt of one or the other or both.

You have heard a lot about a reasonable doubt. The words almost define themselves. A doubt founded in reason; arising out of the evidence in the case, or the lack of evidence. It is a doubt which a reasonable person would have after carefully weighing all of the evidence. A reasonable doubt is a doubt which appeals to your reason, your common sense, your judgment, your experience. It is not caprice, whim, speculation. It is not an excuse to avoid the performance of an unpleasant doubt. It is not sympathy for a defendant. If, after a fair and impartial consideration of all the evidence, you can candidly and honestly say you are not satisfied of the guilt of a defendant, but rather, if you have such a doubt as would cause you as prudent persons to hesitate before acting in matters of importance to yourself, then you have a reasonable doubt and in that circumstance it is your doubt to acquit

On the other hand, if, after such a fair and impartial consideration of all the evidence you can candidly

and honestly say that you are satisfied of a defendant's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, that is, because you have such a conviction as you would be willing to act upon in important and weighty matters in the personal affairs of your own lives, then you have no reasonable doubt, and under that circumstance it is your duty to convict.

one final word: Reasonable doubt does not mean a positive certainty or beyond all possible doubt. If that were the case, few persons, however guilty they may be, would be convicted. It is practically impossible for a person to be absolutely and completely convinced of any controverted fact which by its nature is not susceptible of mathematical certainty. In consequence, the law in a criminal case is that it is sufficient if the guilt of a defendant is established beyond a reasonable doubt; not beyond all possible doubt.

The defendant Barnes here, Miss Barnes, is charged with violating Title 18, United States (ode, Section 1623, the perjury statute, which reads in pertinent part as follows:

"Whoever under oath in any proceeding before any Grand Jury of the United Stat's knowingly makes any false material declarations, commits a crime."

The indictment charges the defendant Miss Barnes,



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charges here with three separate counts of perjury. I am going to read the indictment to you. When you retire to deliberate, I will hand you a copy of the indictment so you can take it with you. The indictment reads:

"COUNTS ONE THROUGH THREE.

"The Grand Jury charges:

- "1. On or about August 21, 1975 in the

 Southern District of New York, Lugenia Barnes, the defendan:
 having duly taken an oath as a witness that she would testify truthfully before a Grand Jury of the United States
 of America and sworn in the United States District Court
 for the Southern District Court for the Southern District
 of New York, and inquiring for that District, unlawfully,
 wilfully and knowingly and contrary to said oath did make
 false material declarations as hereafter set forth.
- Grand Jury was conducting an investigation of possible violations of the laws of the United States regarding the murder on or about August 8, 1975 of Oswald A. Peterson and of Oscar Wilson, whose bodies were found on August 10, 1975 in a U-Haul Van, Maine license plate number COM 81-706 in the vicinity of Clar mont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York including among violations of the following statutes: Sections 241 (civil rights conspiracy) 1503 and 1510 (obstruction of justice) and 1625 (perjury),

of Title 18, United States Code and Sections 801-966

of Title 21, United States Code, (sale and distribution

of narcotic drugs and conspiracies so to do) to determine:

"a. whether said murders were committed in furtherance of said conspiracy, plot or plan to injury, oppress, threaten or intimidate Peterson and/or Wilson in the free exercise and enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to either of them by the Constitution or laws of the United States, to it, the right of either of them to testify about and give information concerning violations of laws of the United States;

"b. whether said murders were an endeavor
by means of force to obstruct and prevent the communication
of information relating to violations of criminal statutes
of the United States, particularly those relating to
narcotics and dangerous drugs by Peterson or Wilson to a
criminal investigator;

"c. whether said murders were committed on account of the giving by Peterson or W lson of such information to any criminal investigator

"d. whether said murders were committed in furtherance of a conspiracy to violate the narcotics laws of the United States.

"3. It was material to said inquiry to

determine whether the defendant Lugenia Barnes had any knowledge of and participated in:

"a. the rental by the said Lugenia Barnes and Charles Thomas on August 8th, 1975 of and use of a U-Haul Van, Maine license plate number CON 81-706, which was discovered on August 10, 1975 in the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York containing the dead bodies of Peterson and Wilson;

"b. how and when said van was driven to the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York;

"c. how the person or persons who drove said van to the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York obtained possession, custody and control of said van;

"d. the identity of said person or persons;

"e. the role, if any played by the said Lugenia Barnes and Charles Thomas in disposing of the bodies of Peterson and Wilson.

"4. At the time and place aforesaid Lugenia
Barnes, the defendant, appearing as a witness under oath
before the said Grand Jury testified falsely with respect
to the aforesaid material matters and did make the

.	8 elsr
2	false material declaration."
3	Count One .m going o real that portion of
4	the indictment which contains the testimony.
5	"Q Okay. Now, directing your attention to
6	the early part of August of this year, did there come a
7	time when you rented a U-Haul truck?
8	"A Yes.
9	"Q And what was the purpose of your renting
	that truck?
11	"A To move some clothing.
12	"Q Did you drive the van or did he?
13	"A He drove from the gas station, and then
14	I drove afterwards.
15	"Q And where is the gas station?
16	"A It's on Webster Avenue and Gunhill Road.
17	"Q And that's in the Bronx?
18	"A Yes, I'm sorry, Bronx.
19	"Q And that's where you rented the van.
20	After that where did you go, you and your boy friend?
21	"A We went down to lis old apartment.
22	"Q And his old apar ment is which apartment?
23	"A 11 West 118th.
24	"Q You parked the van, I take it?
25	"A Yes, we parked the van and packed in

clothing.

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"Q Now, prior to that, did you also drive around in the van to get used to --

"A I drove it. Well, I was going to do the driving, so I was going to drive around to get used to the van, because I wasn't, you know, sire I'd be able to handle it.

"Q Where did you drive a ound, in the area of the Bronx?

"A In the area of the Bronx, around Webster Avenue area.

"Q About how long did you do this?"
[No answer.]

"Q Roughly.

"A 45 minutes, maybe an hour, maybe less.

"Q Okay. Then it was after that that you drove to 11 West 118th Street?

"A Yes.

"Q After you went to 118th Street, where did you go after that?

"A Um, well, we stopped to eat --

"Q Did you first --

"A At McDonald's.

"Q Did you go to Charley's mother's house?

1	10 elsr	526
2	"A	Oh, I'm sorry. We stopped at his mother's
3	house, a block aw	ay.
4	"Q	And that's located
5	"A	That's on 118th Street. It's 103. Then
6	from there we wen	t and ate.
7	"Q	Where did you eat?
8	"A	125th - McDonald.
9	"Q	Now, after you went to McDonald's, where
10	did you go?	
11	"A	Then we went back to teh Bronx, to my
12	my apartment, whi	ch is 340 East 184th.
13 ·	"Q	And then there came a time you went to you
14	doctor's office,	is that correct?
15	"A	Yes.
16	"Q	And what is his name?
17	"A	Kuble, Dr. Kubel. K-u-b-e-l.
18.	"Q	And do you kno / where his office is?
19 .	"A	Yes, he's on 182nd and Grand Concourse.
20	"Q	And did you drive there with Mr. Thomas?
21	"A	Yes.
22	"Q	And do you know how long you stayed there,
23	approximately?	
24	"A	Well, I was late for my appointment. I
25	got there, approx	ximately, I would state - it had to be

2	after three, four; because I was late, the doctor left.
3	I guess I was there ten or fifteen minutes.
4	"Q And after you left the doctor's office,
5	where did you go after that, do you know?
6	"A Went back to my apartment, 340 East 184th.
7	"Q And how long were you there, do you
8	recall?
9	"A I'm sorry. After the doctor we went back
10	downtown - I'm sorry.
11	"Q You didn't go back to your apartment, you
12	went back to 11 West 118th Street?
13	"A Yes.
14	"Q Every time you went to these places, what
15	did you do with the van, parked it outside?
16	"A Yeah.
17	"Q Were there places there, or did you have
18	to drive around, looking?
19	"A Some places we parked, you know, right
20	near wherever I was going, and I had to park wherever
21	there was a space - you know, around the corner.
22	"Q I understand.
23	"A We parked the van, yes.
24	"Q When you got to 118:h Street
25	"A We moved the clothing.
THE REAL PROPERTY.	

"Q

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Did you have to look around for a space?

1	13 elsr
2	"A We were moving clothing, so we moved them,
3	you know.
4	"Q You left it right ir front?
5	"A Right in front of the building.
6	"Q And after you unloaded the truck, what
7	did you do?
8	"A Well, it was kind o late then and we'd
9	been out all day. We went back upst irs, because at that
10	time there was no parking space, we couldn't find one.
11	I left it right in front of my door - not directly in
12	front of my door; I live on tope of a steep I left it
13	at Tibaut. T-i-b-a-u-t and 184th.
14	"Q Did you have to drive around to find a
15	parking space?
16	"A Yes, so I eventual y left it there. Now
17	this was okay. I came back, we unloaded the things.
18	"Q How long would you say you drove around,
19	looking for that space?
20	"A About fifteen or twenty minutes.
21	"Q You went around the block several times,
22	would you say?
23	"A Yeah.
. 21	"Q And then you went up to you apartment,
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20	Is that out the

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"A It was around 7:10 or something like that. I had to return the van before eight or I'd be charged for the next day.

> "0 What happened when you looked for the v n?

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1	15 elsr			531		
2	"7	A :	It wasn't there.			
3	"c	2	But you're absolutely certain that	it was		
4	thee approxim	matel	y 12:30 the previous night?			
5	"7	Α '	When I parked the thing?			
6	"0	3	Yes.			
7	",	A '	Yeah.			
8	"c	2	What did you do then, when you noti	ced		
9	the van was m	the van was missing?				
10	",	A	Well, we walked around the vicinity	for a		
11	while, because	se it	's common for cars to get stolen in	that		
12	area, but we	didn	't find it; so I, you know, came ba	ck hom		
13	and I called	the	police station."			
14	No	ow Co	unt 3.			
15	"(Q	And when you parked it, now, on 183	rd and		
16	184th Street	did	you take the keys to the truck?			
17	"2	A	Yes, when we got out, I took the ke	ys.		
18	. "(Ω	And what did you do with them, do y	ou		
19 .	recall?					
20	"1	A	Well, I attempted to put it in my b	ag -		
21	I assumed I	put	them in my bag. I had a flap bag,	I		
22	lifted the fl	lap u	p and threw it in my bag. I had a	flap		
23	bag, I lifted	d the	flap up and threw it in. It wasn't	t		
24	until the fol	llowi	ng day, I think it was, when I spok	ce with		
25	Detective Dis	sken,	I think it is, that I noticed I di	dn't		

have the keys, so I apparently lost them at the time. I'm just assuming.

"Q Let's go back. Friday evening you thoug'it you put the keys in your purse?

"A I'm assuming it was my purse, because that's what I thought I did.

"Q But you recall you removed them from the truck?

"A Definitely -- oh, definitely. There's no doubt about that.

Q Did you at this time look for the keys?

"A No, not once. I think I was a little

upset about the car. I don't know, you know, I didn't

look for they keys until the next day, when I went to Disken.

I spoke with Disken; and he asked if I had the keys and

I said, 'Yeah,' and I looked in -- you know, I held him

on the phone, I was talking to him on the phone, I went

to my bag to get them, and they were gone; and at that

point I told -- I assumed I'd lost them."

The other defendant, Mr. Charles Thomas, is also charged with violating Title 18, United States Code Section 1623, the purjury statute which I have just read to you. The indictment charges Mr. Thomas in two count; which I will now read to you. Again, I will give you a copy

of this indictment when you retire. The indictment reads:

"I On or about August 29, 1975, in the

Southern District of New York, Charles Thomas, the defendant, having duly taken an oath as a witness that he would testify truthfully before a Grand Jury of the United States of America, duly impaneled and sworn in the United State:

District Court for the Southern District of New York, and inquiring for that District, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly and contrary to said oath did make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.

Grand Jury was conducting an investigation of possible violations of the laws of the United States regarding the murder on or about August 8, 1075 of Oswald A. Peterson and of Oscar Wilson, whose bodies were found on August 10, 1975 in a U-Haul van, Maine license plate number COM 81-706, in the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, including, among other violations, violations of the following statutes: Sections 241 (civil rights conspiracy), 1503 and 1510 (obstruction of justice) and 1623 (perjury), of Title 18, United States Code and Sections 301-966 of Title 21, United States Code, (sale and distribution of narcotic drugs and conspiracies so to do), to determine:

"a whether said murders were committed in furtherance of a conspiracy" -- I am going to skip reading the next five subparagraphs which I have just read to you, and which you will have in front of you.

"3 It was material to said in viry to determine whether the defendant Charles Thomas had any knowledge of and had participated in" -- I just said that the five subparagraphs which I omitted reading were the same as in the indictment of Miss Barnes. The first four subparagraphs are the same. The last one is different. I will read that to you. This is from the indictment of Mr. Thomas.

"Whether testimony by one Lugenia Barnes befor?

the Grand Jury on August 21, 1975 and certain statements

by said Lugenia Barnes to certain New York City Police

officers were truthful:

- "3. It was material to said inquiry to determine whether the defendant Charles Thomas had any knowledge
 of and had participated in:
- "a. the rental by the said Charles Thomas and Lugenia Barnes on August 8, 1975 of and use of a U-Haul Van, Maine license plate number COM 81-706, which was discovered on August 10, 1975 in the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York

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containing the dead bodies of Peterson and Wilson.

"b. how and when said van was driven to the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street, New York, New York;

- "c . how the person or persons who drove said van to the vicinity of Claremont Avenue and 122nd Street.

 New York, New York obtained possession, custody and control of said van;
- "d. the identity of said person or persons; and
- "e. the role, if any, played by the said Charles
 Thomas and Lugenia Barnes in disposing of the bodies of
 Peterson and Wilson.
- "4. It was also material to said inquiry to determine whether certain statements made by Charles Thomas, the defendant, to New York City police officers were truthful.
- "5. At the time and place aforesaid Charles
 Thomas, the derendant, appearing as a witness under oath
 before the said Grand Jury, did testify falsely with respect
 to the aforesaid material matters and did make the following false material declarations:

"COUNT ONE:

"Q Now, I want to direct your attention to the

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2	events beg	inning	approximately August 8, 1975, and at thet	
3	time you re	ented a	a U-Haul van in the Bronx, is that correct:	?
4		"A	Yes, sir.	
5		"Q	I ask you if you were interviewed about	
6	the rental	of th	is truck by members of the Police Depart-	
7	ment.			
8		"A	Yes, I have been.	
9		"Q	And you told them that you and your girl	
10	friend pic	ked th	e truck up in the Bronx, correct?	
11		"A.	Yes.	
12		"Q	And what is your girl friend's name?	
13		"A	Lugenia Barnes.	
14		"Q	Then you totld the officers that after	
15	the two of	you r	ented the truck, you went from the truck	
16	rental pla	ce in	the Bronx to your house downtown, is that	
17	correct?			
18		*A	Right.	
19		"Q	Then you told them that you had to stop	
20	at your mo	ther's	house?	
21		"A	No, no. I'm s ying from the truck	
22	rental pla	ce, ar	e you saying th t I went straight from	
23	the truck	rental	place to my house?	
24		Q ₄	Tell us what happened.	
25		# X	It want like that the had to this	

	A04
1	21 els: 537
2	was not automatic gear or, rather, turning wheel. It's
3	not power sterring. So she tried it out in the Bronx
4	first, before she came down. I drove around the station,
5	so she tried.
6	"Q So you drove around the Bronx?
7	"A Right.
8	"Q And then you proceeded
9	"A Right.
10	"Q on to 11 West 118th Street?
11	"A That's right.
12	"Q And you made a stop at your mother's
13	house, but she wasn't home?
14	"A Right.
15	"Q Then you went back uptown to the Bronx?
16	"A Right.
17	"Q And wer t to
18	"A Doctor.
19	"Q Miss Barnes' doctor, is that correct"
20	"A Right.
21	"Q Do you recall where that's located?
22	"A On the Concourse. Big white I can't
23	remember the street number.
24	"Q On the Grand Concourse in the Bronx?
25	"A That's right.

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"Q And then you went lack downtown; was that to your aparament?

"A Pardon me?

"Q You then went back downtown?

"A Right.

"Q Where did you go?

"A To my apartment.

"Q It was there that you loaded the truck, is that right?

"A Right.

"Q After you laoded the truck, you went hack uptown, is that right?

"A Yes.

"Q Where did you go uptown?

"A Back to the house, our new apartment -my new apartment.

"O Where is that located?

"A 340 East 184th Street.

"Q liere you unloaded the truck, is that

correct?

"A Yes.

"Q You parked the truck and went to sleep,

is that correct?

"A Yes.

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	"Q	7	ou!	par	ked	it	on	Valentine	Avenue
between	183rd	and	18	4th	Str	eet	?		

Yes, in between. 184th, 183rd.

"THE FOREMAN: Could you raise your voice and speak a little louder.

"THE WITNESS: 184th and 183rd and Valentine.

"Q All these events occurred on Friday, August 8, is that correct?

> Yes, sir. " A

And then at about one o'clock, that would be the following morning, you went to move the truck, is that correct?

> Right. " A

It was then you no ed that the truck was gone, is that correct?

> "A Yes.

That was the first time you noticed it was "0 missing?

> " A Yes.

Do you know, approximately what time dii you park it outside, did you leave the truck?

"A Uh, about seven, eight -- around six or seven, something like that. Between six and eight.

"O Friday evening?

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Right, "A

"Count Two:

Okay, now, all the statements that you made to the police officers were true, is that correct?

Yes, sir.

And you don't want to make -- or let me "0 ask you, do you want to make any additions or corrections at this time?

None I can think of. There are not any I I can think of."

Simply stated, the definition of perjury is the wilful giving of false testimony knowing it to be false as to materials before a competent tribunal while under oath. In order to sustain its burden of proof against the defendant Lugenia Barnes or the defendant Charles Thomas, under any of the perjury counts of either indictment, the Government must establish beyond a reasonable doubt each one of the following and essential elements:

First, that the defendant took an oath to testify truthfully before a United States Grand Jury of the Southern District of New York;

second, that the defendant made false statements as to matters about which he or she testified under oath,

> SGUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTE FOLEY SGUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

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as set forth in the indictment;

made in that at that time the defendant made these statements to the Grand Jury, he or she knew them to be false;

four, that the matters as to which it is charged he or she made false statements were material to the issues under inquiry by the Grand Jury.

the Grand Jury and took an oath to testify truthfully, then you must determine for each count separately, as to that defendant whether beyond a reasonable doubt the defendan: made any false statement. The Government satisfies its burden or proving falsity of the testimony on a particular count if you find beyond a reasonable doubt that any part of that count is false.

The counts in the indictment charging perjury contain answers given by each defendant, reciting more than one fact. It is not necessary that the Government prove that each of these factual statements is false. It is sufficient if the Government prove beyond a reasonable doubt that at least one factual statement in each count is false.

If on any counts for either defendant you fin i that a false statement was made, you must then determine

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the third element, whether the false statement was wilfully made; in other words, known to the defendant to be false at the time the statement was rade. The defendant's knowledge and intent, of course, exist in his or her mind. It is not possible for us to look into a person's mind to see what goes on. So the only way of arriving at a decision on this question is for you to take into consideration all the facts and circumstances shown by the evidence and to determine from all such facts and circumstances whether the requisite knowledge and intent was present at the time in question. Direct proof is unnecessary.

[Continued on next page.]

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Knowledge and intent may be inferred from all the surrounding circumstances.

Finally, the fourth element was that the matters by which the defendants testified, as set forth in the indictment, were material. In other words, relevant to the issues under inquiry by the Grand Jury before which the testimony was given.

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I charge you as a matter of law that the testimony here was relevant and material to the Grand Jury investigation.

A witness is compelled by law to testify truthfully under oath before a competent tribunal such as the Grand Jury or a Court.

In this regard I wish to remind you of the important function served by the law against perjury. In the administration of justice we are all oath bound. You have, each of you, taken an oath; I have; so has the Assistant United States Attorn by and so have counsel for the defendants. Every witness who has been on the witness stand has taken an oath. The administration of justice depends upon respect for the sanctity of the oath.

I have told you that the Government must prove its case against each defendant beyond a reasonable doubt, and I have explained to you what is meant by a

> SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

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2 reasonable doubt.

The Government is not required to prove its

case by any particular number of witnesses or any docume tary

or other particular type of evidence. Evidence may be

of two general types, direct evidence and circumstantial

evidence. Evidence is direct when the facts are shown

by exhibits which have been admitted into evidence, or

when sworn to by witnesses who have actual knowledge of them

from something they learned through the exercise of their

fundamental senses.

Circumstantial evidence simply means drawing a logical inference or a conclusion from other connected facts that have been seen or heard.

A classis example of circumstantial evidence is Robinson Crusoe sighting a footprint in the sand. From the footprint and his knowledge of the fact that it wasn't his own, he drew the conclusion there was some other person on the island.

Not all circumstantial evidence is that clear, but I am sure that you are all familiar with the process of drawing logical conclusions from other connected facts.

Now greater degree of cortainty is required when evidence is circumstantial than when it is direct,

for in either case you must be convinced beyond a reasonable doubt before you can find a defendant guilty.

The charge of perjury, like any other charge, may be proved in whole or in part by circumstantial evidence.

Now, in deciding the facts you must evaluate the credibility of the witnesses who testified. Your determination of the issue of crelibility very largely must depend upon the impression that a witness made upon you as to whether or not he or she was telling the truth or giving you an accurate version of what occurred.

As jurors your job i: to use your common sense, your good judgment, your experience. You will decide whether or not the witness was straightforward and truthful, whether the witness was attempting to conceal anything, whether the witness had a motive to testify falsely, whether there is any reason why the witness might color his testimony. The ultimate question for you to decide in passing on credibility is, did the witness tell the truth here before you as to essential matterial matters? It is for you to say whether a witness in this trial was truth ful in whole or in part in the light of his or her demeanor and all the evidence in the case.

In passing upon the credibility of witnesses of course you may take into account such contradictions as there may be in the testimony, but always remember, whether or not, in substance, the witness has told the truth before you.

The Government, to prevail, must, as I have told you, on each count prove the essential elements by the required degree of proof - that is, beyond a reasonable doubt. If it succeeds as to a particular defendant on a particular count, your verdict should be guilty. If it fails it should be not guilty.

The case of each de endant must be considered separately, as if he or she alone were on trial here.

You must consider each count separately and render a separate verdict as to each count.

thus, you may render a verdict of guilty on both counts, not guilty on both counts, or guilty on one and not guilty on others, as the case may be, and for each defendant.

You must be unanimous as to your verdict on each count.

Under your oath as juror3 you cannot allow a consideration of the sentence which may be imposed upon a defendant if he or she were convicted to enter

into your deliberations or to influence your verdict in any way. Your duty is to decide the case solely and only upon the evidence that has been presented to you in this courtroom and my instructions as to the law. The duty of imposing sentence, if there is a conviction, is mine, not yours.

opinion. But each should exchange views with your fellow jurors. That is the very purpose of jury deliberation, to discuss, to consider the evidence, to listen to the argument of fellow jurors, present your own views, consult with one another, and then reach an agreement based solely on the evidence in accordance with the law which I have given you.

But you should not hesitate to change an opinion which after discussion with your fellow jurors appears to be erroneous. In other words, if you have a point of view, and after listening to the discussion of any particular point of view with other jurors you are persuaded that your point of view ought to yield on the basis of the evidence and the law, there is not reason why you should not change your mind and change an opinion which you have previously held.

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However, your final vote must reflect your conscientious judgment as to how the case would be decided upon the evidence and the law.

If in your own mind the Covernment has failed to carry its burden as to a defendant, as to any count, your sworn duty is to acquit. On the other hand, if it has carried its burden, then you must not flinch from your sworn duty, which is to convict.

Finally, you have a right to see all the evidence. I will hand you, as you leave, or my Clerk will hand you, as you retire to deliberate, copies of the indictments. You will let me know, Mrs. Cohen, if there is anything else you want. You will give a note to the marshal, and he will let me know what documents you want, what testimony you want, anything you need.

I want to caution you, Mrs.Cohen, any note that you give to the marshal, you must not indicate in that note in any way how you stand, but please don't hesitate to send me a note any time you want anything.

I will see counsel at the side bar.

(At the side lar:)

MR. GOLDBERGER: Your Honor, there is only one exception to the Court's clarge and that is in regard to the fact that the Court cha ged the jury that the

AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL SERVICE

STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF RICHMOND ss.

EDWARD BAILEY being duly sworn, deposes and says, that deponent is not a party to the action, is over 18 years of age and resides at 286 Richmond Avenue, Staten Island, N.Y. 10302. That on the 19 day of Nov. ,19 76 at No. 1 St. Andrews Pl. NYC

deponent servied the within Appendique upon U.S. Atty., So. Dist. of N.Y.

the Apellee herein, by delivering true copy(ies) thereof to him personally. Deponent knew the person so served to be the person mentioned and described in said papers as the Appellee therein.

Sworn to before me this

19 day of Nov. 1976.

Edward Bane

Notary Public, State of New York

No. 43-0132945

Qualified in Richmond County

Commission Expires March 30, 1978